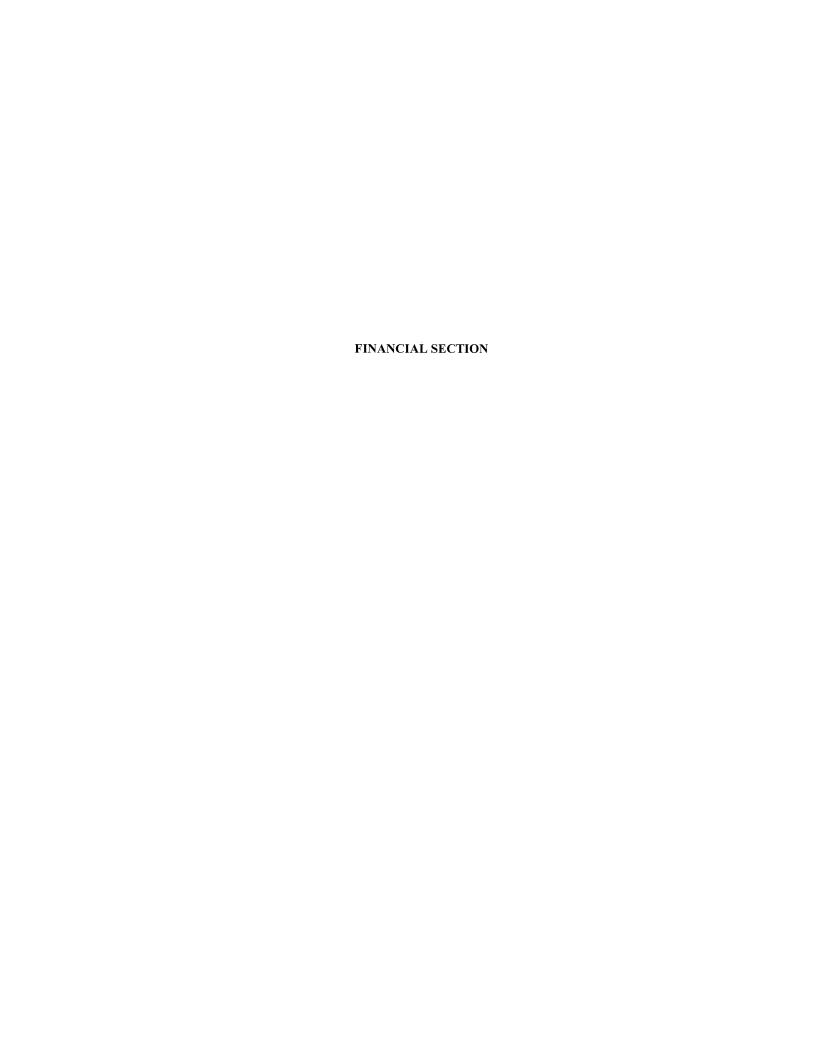
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Mission Hills Community Services District Lompoc, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the major fund of the Mission Hills Community Services District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mission Hills Community Services District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the major fund of the Mission Hills Community Services District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Mission Hills Community Services District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Mission Hills Community Services District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mission Hills Community Services District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Mission Hills Community Services District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 6, 2023, on our consideration of the Mission Hills Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Maria, California September 6, 2023

Mose, Ling & Sprigreim LLP

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Mission Hills Community Services District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Mission Hills Community Services District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. It should be considered in conjunction with the information within the body of the audited financial statements,

Mission Statement

The Mission Hills Community Services District is committed to providing the residents within the District reliable, high quality, water and wastewater services in an efficient, cost-effective, and environmentally safe manner.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, combining the water, sewer, and street sweeping enterprise fund data.

The District's financial statements include four components:

- Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
- Statement of Cash Flows
- Notes to Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The Statement of Net Position provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing its liquidity and financial flexibility.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information which shows how the District's position changed during the year. All the year's revenues and expenses are recorded when the underlying transaction occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position measure the success of the District's operations during the year and determine whether the District has recovered its costs through user fees and other charges.

The Statement of Cash Flows differentiates from the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Net Position by only accounting for transactions that result in cash receipts or cash disbursements.

The basic financial statements can be found on pages 8 to 10.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide a description of the accounting policies used to prepare the financial statements and present material disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles that are not otherwise present in the financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11 to 17.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets were \$10,504,550 on June 30, 2022.
- Operating revenue was \$2,383,866, which consisted of Water Charges, Wastewater Charges, Street Sweeping Charges, and Service Charges.
- Total Expenses were \$2,431,579, which consisted primarily of Salaries, Benefits, Depreciation, Government Charges, Contractual Services, Engineering Services, Operating Expenses, Utilities, and Repairs and Maintenance.

Basic Financial Analysis

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,266,920 as of June 30, 2022.

The largest portion of net position reflects investment in capital assets (i.e. land, easements, wells and pumping, mains and distribution systems, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, and equipment). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The next largest portion of net position is unrestricted. This portion includes cash and investments.

Please see Table A below for the 2021 to 2022 comparison of the District's assets, liabilities, and net position.

Table A
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	% Change
Assets:			_
Current assets	\$ 4,209,562	\$3,635,500	15.8%
Restricted cash	261,415	661,269	-60.5%
Capital assets	6,033,573	6,473,281	-6.8%
Total assets	10,504,550	10,768,050	-2.1%
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	237,630	139,846	70.0%
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital as	ssets 6,033,573	6,473,281	-6.8%
Restricted	261,415	661,269	-60.5%
Unrestricted	3,971,932	3,493,654	13.7%
Total Net Position	<u>\$10,266,920</u>	<u>\$10,628,204</u>	-3.4%

The following are significant current fiscal year transactions that have an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Current assets have increased due to adjustment of District investment assets.
- Current liabilities are slightly higher than the previous year.
- Regular straight-line depreciation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 decreased capital assets by \$383,298.

Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The District's financial position results from operating activities, investment activities, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Please see Table B below for the current year to previous year comparison of the District's revenues, expenses. and changes in net position.

Table B
Statement of Revenues, Expenses. and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	% Change
Service charges	\$ 2,328,473	\$ 2,270,474	2.6%
Other operating revenues	55,393	576,120	<u>-90.4%</u>
Total operating revenues	2,383,866	2,846,594	<u>-16.3%</u>
Depreciation expense	383,298	393,069	-2.5%
Operating expenses	2,048,281	1,645,113	<u>24.5%</u>
Total operating expenses	2,431,579	2,038,182	19.3%
Net operating income (expense)	(47,713)	808,412	-105.9%
Non-op revenue (expenses)	(16,969)	5,573	-404.5%
Connection fees	117,600	0	100.0%
Change in net position	52,918	813,985	
Beginning net position	10,628,204	9,814,219	8.3%
Prior-period adjustments	(414,202)	0	<u>-100.0%</u>
Total beginning net position	10,214,002	9,814,219	4.3%
Total ending net position	<u>\$10,266,920</u>	\$10,628,204	<u>-3.4%</u>

District Outlook

In 2018, Mission Hills CSD updated our water and wastewater capacity charges (connection fees) to reflect the cost of infrastructure needed to serve future customers. The Study was approved by the Board in February of 2019 and the updated fees went into effect in March 2019. In August, 2022, the Board approved a five-year updated water and sewer rate schedule. The updated rate schedule went into effect on October 1, 2022. The Board will review the approved annual rate increase as part of the annual budget approval process. The updated 5-year rate schedule is designed to fund the Board approved capital projects and maintain the Board established Reserve Policy Goals.

This financial report is designed to provide the District's customers and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the General Manager, Mission Hills Community Services District, 1550 Burton Mesa Boulevard, Lompoc, CA 93436.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and deposits	\$ 2,950,940 1,093,535 162,512 2,575
Total current assets	4,209,562
Other assets: Restricted cash	261,415
Total other assets	261,415
Capital assets: Land Construction in progress Plant and facilities Total capital assets	523,725 28,412 12,805,083 13,357,220
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(7,323,647)
Total capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	6,033,573
Total assets	10,504,550
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Customer and developer deposits and advances Compensated absences Total current liabilities	172,699 48,598 16,333 237,630
Total liabilities	237,630
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	6,033,573 261,415 3,971,932
Total net position	\$ 10,266,920

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Revenues:	
Service charges	\$ 2,328,473
Late charges and other operating revenues	55,393
Total operating revenues	2,383,866
Operating Expenses:	
Bad debt	3,552
Chemicals Contractual contract	82,384
Contractual services Depreciation	199,684 383,298
Director's fees	14,125
Engineering services	18,256
Equipment rentals	9,481
Government charges	44,611
Insurance	12,523
Memberships and dues	25,015
Miscellaneous expense	48,568
Office expense	28,386
Operating supplies	50,114
Printing and publications	7,075
Professional services	209,544
Repairs and maintenance	107,914
Research and monitoring	37,069
Safety expense	5,297
Salaries, benefits, and payroll taxes	902,422
Travel and meetings	11,723
Utilities	197,738
Vehicle expense	32,800
Total operating expenses	2,431,579
Net operating income (loss)	(47,713)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Investment income (loss)	(16,969)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(16,969)
Capital Contributions and Transfers:	
Connection fees	117,600
Total capital contributions	117,600
Change in net position	52,918
Total net position - beginning	10,628,204
Prior-period adjustments	(414,202)
Total net position - beginning (restated)	10,214,002
Total net position - ending	\$ 10,266,920

MISSION HILLS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,277,627
Payments to suppliers	(1,019,160)
Payments to employees	(936,377)
Net cash provided by operating activities	322,090
Cash Flows from Capital and Related	
Financing Activities:	
Connection fees collected	117,600
Purchase of capital assets	(313,954)
Net cash used by capital and	
related financing activities	(196,354)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Investment income (loss)	(16,969)
Net sale (purchase) of investments	659,571
* /	
Net cash provided by investing activities	642,602
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	768,338
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of fiscal year	2,444,017
Cash and cash equivalents, end of fiscal year	\$ 3,212,355
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,950,940
Restricted cash	261,415
	\$ 3,212,355
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (47,713)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	383,298
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	•
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(106,239)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and deposits	(5,040)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	110,612
Increase (decrease) in customer and developer deposits and advances	7,002
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(19,830)
Net cash provided by operating	
activities	\$ 322,090

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

The Mission Hills Community Services District (the District) began operations in November of 1979, under the authorization of Section 61000, et. Sew., of the Government Code of the State of California, for the purpose of providing water and wastewater disposal services. Prior to the formation of the District, these services were provided by Park Water Company. The District is a political subdivision of the State of California and operates under a Board of Directors – Manager form of government.

There are no component units included in this report which meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39, No. 61, No. 80, and No. 90.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. <u>Accounting Policies</u> The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).
- B. <u>Accounting Method</u> The District is organized as an Enterprise Fund and follows the accrual method of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded as earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred.
- C. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> The fund financial statements provide information about the District's proprietary fund.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

GASB Statement No. 34, defines major funds and requires that the District's major business-type fund be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The District maintains one major proprietary fund.

Proprietary Fund Type

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The District reported its enterprise fund as a major fund in the accompanying basic financial statements. The enterprise fund's principal operating revenues are sewer and water usage charges and other related income. Interest income is considered non-operating revenue. When both restricted and unrestricted revenues are available for expense, the District's policy is to use restricted revenues first, and then unrestricted revenues as they are necessary.

- D. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include restricted and unrestricted cash and restricted and unrestricted certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less.
- E. <u>Investments</u> Investments are reported at fair value. Marketable securities' fair values are based on quoted market prices from independent sources. Short-term investments may consist of equity securities, open-ended mutual funds, certificates of deposit, and U.S. government and municipal obligations. Investment income consists of interest and dividends net of investment management and custodian fees.
- F. <u>Accounts Receivable</u> The District's accounts receivable is primarily comprised of water, wastewater, and street sweeping fees billed on a monthly basis. Customer receivables are written off in full when the receivable is deemed uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible receivables is based on prior experience and management's analysis of possible bad debts. At June 30, 2022, the allowance for uncollectible receivables is \$0.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Prepaid Expenses and Deposits Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit any period beyond June 30, 2022 G. are recorded as prepaid expenses or deposits.
- Property, Plant, and Equipment Capital assets over \$5,000 in value purchased by the District are recorded at cost. H. Contributed or donated capital assets are recorded at fair value when acquired. Capital assets purchased by the District are depreciated over their estimated useful lives under the straight-line method of depreciation.

Office furniture and fixtures 5-15 years Machinery and equipment 2-25 years Supply distribution system 10-75 years Building and improvements 10-40 years Treatment collection system 10-100 years Vehicles 7 years

- Accrued Compensation Accumulated unpaid employee vacation is recognized as a liability of the District. The amounts I. are included in current liabilities under compensated absences.
- Customer and Developer Deposits The District requires customers to pay an advance deposit for utility services or provide J. a letter of credit from another utility. It is the District's current policy to hold all deposits for a period of two years. Deposits are then refunded in full and no accrued interest is paid.

K. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets added to the deferred outflows of resources and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position that is net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. Restricted net position is the portion of net position that has external constraints placed on it by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2022, \$261,415 of the District's net position represents developer fees paid to the District restricted for use on water and sewer capital improvement projects. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB and the AICPA, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. **Future Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93 'Replacement of Interbank Offered The provisions of this statement except for paragraphs

Rates"

11b, 13, and 14 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2020. Paragraph 11b is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2021. Paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Future Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Statement No. 94	"Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.
Statement No. 96	"Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.
Statement No. 99	"Omnibus 2022"	The provisions of this statement are effective in April 2022 except for the provisions related to leases, PPPs, SBITAs, financial guarantees and derivative instruments. The provisions related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The provisions related to financial guarantees and derivative instruments are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.
Statement No. 100	"Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.
Statement No. 101	"Compensated Absences"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments are carried at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. On June 30, 2022, the District had the following cash and investments on hand:

Cash in bank	\$ 1,213,325
Restricted cash in bank	261,415
Cash and investments in Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	1,737,615
Investments	 1,093,535
Cash and investments	\$ 4,305,890

Cash and investments listed above are presented on the accompanying statement of net position, as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,950,940
Restricted cash	261,415
Investments	 1,093,535
Total	\$ 4,305,890

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District has investments in corporate bonds and U.S. Treasury Notes measured under level 1. The District had cash equivalents invested in the Local Agency Investment Fund. This external pool is measured under amortized cost and not under levels 1, 2, or 3.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Fair Value Measurement Using						
		Quoted Prices in		Sign	ificant	Quot	ted Prices in	
		Active Markets for		Other Observable		vable Unobser		
		Identical Assets		ical Assets Inputs		Inputs		
Investments by Fair Value	 Total	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)		
Corporate bonds (medium term notes)	\$ 431,468	\$	431,468	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. Treasury Notes	 662,067		662,067					
Total investments measured at fair value	1,093,535	\$	1,093,535	\$	_	\$	-	
Investments measured at amortized cost:								
LAIF	1,737,615							
Total investments	\$ 2,831,150							

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
<u>Investment Type</u>	Maturity	Of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75,000,000
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	N/A	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		_	Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
	Carrying		12 Months		13-24		25-60		ore than
Investment Type	 Amount	Or Less		Months		Months		60 Months	
Corporate bonds (medium term notes) U.S. Treasury Notes LAIF	\$ 431,468 662,067 1,737,615	\$	44,796 599,796 1,737,615	\$	298,951 62,271	\$	87,721	\$	-
Total	\$ 2,831,150	\$	2,382,207	\$	361,222	\$	87,721	\$	-

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below, is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

	Carrying	Minimum Legal	Exempt From	Rating	as of Fiscal Yea	r End
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	<u>Disclosure</u>	AAA	Aa	Not Rated
Corporate bonds (medium term notes) U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 431,468 662,067	N/A N/A	\$ - 662,067	\$ 431,468	\$ -	\$ -
LAIF	1,737,615	N/A			***************************************	1,737,615
Total	\$2,831,150		\$ 662,067	\$ 431,468	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$1,737,615</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District's investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 100% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF and the Santa Barbara County Investment Pool).

As of June 30, 2022, none of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

Investment in State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying basic financial statements at the amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets and depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2021		Additions		Transfers		Prior-period Adjustment		Balance June 30, 2022	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	-					***************************************	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Land	\$	624,862	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(101,137)	\$	523,725
Construction in progress				260,158		(428,577)		196,831		28,412
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	624,862	\$	260,158	\$	(428,577)	\$	95,694	\$	552,137
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Plant and facilities	\$_	12,446,440	\$_	53,796	\$_	428,577	<u>\$</u>	(123,730)	\$	12,805,083
Total capital assets, being depreciated		12,446,440		53,796		428,577		(123,730)		12,805,083
Less accumulated depreciation		(6,598,021)		(383,298)				(342,328)		(7,323,647)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	5,848,419	\$	(329,502)	\$	428,577	<u>\$</u>	(466,058)	\$	5,481,436
Capital assets, net	\$	6,473,281	<u>\$</u>	(69,344)	\$	-	\$	(370,364)	\$	6,033,573

NOTE 5 – SERVICE REVENUES

The operations of the District are primarily funded through the collection of service fees for connection fees, water, wastewater, and street sweeping services provided by the District. Revenues earned by type during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Water charges	\$ 1,299,958
Wastewater charges	1,010,494
Street sweeping charges	18,021
Total	\$ 2,328,473

NOTE 6 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District is currently participating in an FTJ FundChoice governmental eligible 457 Plan administered by Bayhill Advisors, Inc. effective starting January 1, 2007. The Mission Hills CSD 457 Plan is a deferred compensation plan and covers all employees of the District. Employees may elect to contribute a portion of their salary to the plan with no limitations other than those legally imposed. An employee can also elect to contribute their social security taxes in lieu of paying into social security and the District contributes an employer portion to the plan as well. All other District contributions are discretionary and all contributions are vested 100% immediately. Assets are held separately from the District's funds. Total District contributions were \$48,364 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA/JPIA), which was organized for the purpose of providing general liability, automobile, errors and omission, and property loss insurance coverage to water agencies. The ACWA/JPIA is financed through premium charges to each member. The ACWA/JPIA does not meet the reporting entity criteria and is therefore not included in the accompanying financial statements.

The ACWA/JPIA is administered by a board of directors, consisting of one member of each participating water agency. In addition, the water agencies' board members and staff are eligible to participate on the various committees and subcommittees of the ACWA/JPIA. The board is responsible for establishing premium rates and making budgeting decisions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Coverage under current policies provide for the District to pay for the first \$2,500 of property loss for buildings, personal property, fixed equipment, and mobile equipment and the agency to pay for the next \$497,500. There is a \$1,000 deductible for licensed vehicles. The auto and general liability program has no deductible. Property losses are limited to the value of the property as assessed by the ACWA/JPIA. The ACWA/JPIA is self-insured for the first \$500,000. Claims over the self-insured amounts are covered by a group purchased commercial insurance policy. Each member district is assessed a premium in accordance with the JPIA agreement, creating the ACWA/JPIA. Financial information on the ACWA/JPIA is publicly available on their website.

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

According to the District's staff and attorney, no contingent liabilities are outstanding and no lawsuits are pending of any significant financial consequence.

NOTE 9 – PRIOR-PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior-period adjustment was made to the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position of (\$414,202) consisting of an adjustment to match the general ledger capital accounts with a revised schedule of capital assets for (\$370,364) and to remove old prepaid expenses balances of (\$43,838) that were recognized in prior fiscal years.